TYPES OF PRONOUNS

Definition- Pronouns take the place of a noun to name people, places, things, or ideas.

1. **Personal Pronouns**- refer to specific persons or things
   
   Examples: I, me, he, him, she, her, it, we, us, they, them

   *Ex/ Karen ate pizza. She was hungry.*
   
   *The word "she" is a personal pronoun that refers to "Karen."*

2. **Possessive Pronoun**- used to show ownership, but they never have an apostrophe.

   Examples: my, mine, your, yours, his, her, hers, its, our, ours, their, theirs

   *Ex/ Those are his pencils.*
   
   *The word "his" is a possessive pronoun showing that he owns the pencils.*

3. **Reflexive Pronouns**- personal pronouns that have "-self" or "-selves" added to the end.

   Examples: myself, himself, herself, itself, themselves

   *Ex/ Bob finished the homework himself.*
   
   *The reflexive pronoun is "himself" referring to Bob.*
4. **Indefinite Pronoun** - pronouns that do not refer to a specific person or thing.

Examples: someone, somebody, anyone, anybody, each, either, none, both, many, few, several, one, everyone, no one, either, neither, each

*Ex* | Someone stole my wallet!
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*The word* "someone" *is the indefinite pronoun taking the place of the name of the person who stole the wallet.*

5. **Demonstrative Pronoun** - used to single out one or more nouns referred to in the sentence.

Examples: this, that, these, those

*Ex* | These lemons are sour.
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*The word* "these" *is a demonstrative pronoun.*

6. **Interrogative Pronoun** - used to ask a question.

Examples: who, whom, what, which, whose

*Which shoes are mine?*

*The word* "which" *is an interrogative pronoun.*